**BÀI TẬP UNIT 8**

**I. PRONUNCIATION**

**A. Choose the word that has the underlined (letters) pronounced differ­ently from the others.**

1. a. famous b. nervous c. dangerous d. mountain
2. a. town b. cow c. snow d. brown
3. a. spread b. disease c. health d. pleasure
4. a. flood b. good c. foot d. look
5. a. crop b. export c. shortage d. resort

**B. Choose the word whose main stress is placed differently from the others.**

1. a. community b. villagers c. diseases d. important
2. a. electricity b. instead c. decided d. enclose
3. a. shortage b. product c. technology d. manage
4. a. resurface b. knowledge c. technical d. export
5. a. suburb b. entertainment c. medical d. atmosphere

**II. VOCABULARY**

**Choose the one word or phrase - b, c or d - that best completes the sentence or subtitutes for the underlined word or phrase.**

1. The recent heavy rains have helped to ease the water .................

 a. supply b. poverty c. plenty d. shortage

2. I wanted to work somewhere where I could serve the ............

 a. village b. community c. town d. country

3. They tried to find a way of bettering their lives.

 a. moving b. changing c. achieving d. improving

4. He came in tired and hungry and badly ................ need of a bath.

 a. for b. to c. on d. in

5. Last year we had a bumper crop of strawberries.

 a. good crop b. poor crop c. early crop d. record crop

6. I don't like quizzes because my general ...............is so poor.

 a. appearance b. memory c. knowledge d. thinking

7. The house had been................three apartments.

 a. turned in b. put in c. pulled down d. turned into

8. I'll speak to her as soon as she comes out of the meeting.

 a. goes to b. appears c. leaves d. attends

9. Most of the roads in the city have been ...................recently.

 a. replaced b. resurfaced c. removed d. returned

10. Is all this technology making our.................... simpler?

 a. life b. life’s c. livings d. lives

**III. READING COMPREHENSION**

**A. Choose the one option - a, b, c or d - that best completes the passage.**

 The world is divided (1) ............ two main parts: one part is poor and the (2).......... is rich. The poor countries (3).......... 'the developing countries'. The big problem that they have to (4)............. is lack of food and medical care. A lot of people do not have (5) .......... food to eat and medicine to cure illnesses. In some parts, children are (6).............. starving. The land of those countries is (7) ............ cultivate anything on. They do not know (8) ....................... new farming Methods as well as inventions and discoveries of science and technology.(9) ...............,they do not have enough money to do it. They certainly need help from (10)............countries.

1 . a. into b. to c. in d. from

2. a. another b. other c. others d. one

3. a. call b. have called c. called d. are called

4. a. meet b. discuss c. encounter d. do

5. a. very b. too c. many d. enough

6. a. even b. also c. such d. all

7. a. poor enough to b. so poor as to c. enough poor to d. too poor to

8. a. applying b. to apply c. how to apply d. how applying

9. a. However b. Moreover c. Therefore d. As a result

10. a. rich b. the rich c. another rich d. a rich

**B. Choose the correct answer - a, b, c, or d.**

Last week I made the mistake of visiting the village where I grew up. It was a small, friendly community with two farms and a number of old cottages round the village green. I realized very quickly that although in many ways it appears unchanged, in reality hardly anything is the same. All the pretty cot­tages are there, of course, and both the picturesque farmhouses. But none of the inhabitants are country people. All of them are commuters, who leave early every morning for the nearby town. Neither of the farmhouses is attached to a farm these days; the land has been sold and is managed by somebody in an office somewhere who has little interest in the village itself There are a few new houses, but they have no local character; you can see the same style anywhere in the country. The whole of the village, in fact, has been tidied up so much that it has become nothing more than just another suburb.

1.The writer\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 a. like living in a farmhouse. b. used to live in a cottage.

 c. grew up in a small rural community. d. came back from the village.

2. When he revisited his village, he quickly realized that

a. the village changed a lot in appearance.

b. everything has almost changed

c. all the pretty cottages as well as the farmhouses have been rebuilt.

d. the residents of the village are all commuters.

3. Neither of the farmhouses\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 a. has a connection with a farm. b. has been sold.

 c. is attached to the farmers, d. is managed by the commuters.

4. According to the writer,\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

a. the village now has no local character. b. all the new houses are the same style.

c. the village is more tidy than it used to. d. the village has become nothing but a suburb.

5. Which of the following is not mentioned in the passage?

a. The writer has visited the village several times before.

b. The writer revisited his village last week.

c. The village has undergone significant changes.

d. The village nowadays has become another suburb.

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